

Questions for intro discussion about Indian-English deeds and property transfers:

1. Which details are most important to transfer property and why?
2. What information could be omitted and with what impact on the transfer, both short and long-term?
3. What information can historians gain from reviewing property transfers?

Terms:

Dominance (noun): the fact or state of being dominant; dominant position especially in social hierarchy

Survivance (noun): a dual, simultaneous process of survival and resistance; a term used to describe the actions, both historical and present day, taken by Native groups in response to actions/structures/ideologies of a dominant group.

Usufruct (noun): the right to use and enjoy someone's property (or *something* belonging to someone else) for a specific length of time.

Grantor: person/group giving/selling property

Grantee: person/group receiving/buying property transfer